

THE KAISER IS ILL.

Confined to His Bed and Receiving No Official Reports.

Some Alarm Felt Over His Condition, in His Empire.

Grecian Chamber Must Go—Xeres Anarchists Acquitted.

BERLIN, March 10.—Emperor William is confined to his bed.

His physicians say that he is suffering from a slight cold.

Some alarm is felt concerning his condition, for it is known that to-day he has not received the reports on state business which it is customary for the heads of the different departments to make to him daily.

RECIPROCITY WITH SPAIN.

The Spanish Senate Ratifies the Convention by 90 Votes to 50.

MADRID, March 10.—The Senate to-day approved the Commercial Convention between Spain and the United States. The vote stood 90 in favor of the Convention to 50 against it.

Grecian Chamber and the New Ministry Cannot Agree.

LONDON, March 10.—The new Greek government has been unable to obtain a working majority in the House of Representatives, and that the dissolution of the House is therefore inevitable.

When the House is dissolved it is necessary, according to the constitution, that a period of thirty days shall elapse before the holding of new elections.

The dispatch adds that perfect quiet prevails everywhere in the country.

Prince of Wales's Twenty-ninth Wedding Anniversary.

LONDON, March 10.—Twenty-nine years ago to-day the Prince of Wales married the Princess Alexandra, eldest daughter of the King of Denmark.

At Windsor Castle, where the Queen is at present sojourning, the bells are ringing and a salute is being fired in honor of the anniversary. No festivities will be held at the castle.

The Prince and Princess of Wales, with their family, are staying at Compton Place, the Eastbourne residence of the Duke of Devonshire.

America Accused of Exaggerating the Behring Sea Difficulty.

LONDON, March 10.—The *St. James's Gazette* (conservative) to-day accuses the Washington government of exaggerating the difficulty of arriving at a modus vivendi with Great Britain in regard to the Behring Sea seal fisheries.

The paper suggests that each side go sailing as usual, each rendering an account of its catch, the party found by the arbitrators to be in the wrong afterwards paying compensation.

Xeres Anarchists Acquitted by a Military Tribunal.

CADIZ, March 10.—The remaining anarchists charged with participation in the recent attack upon the town of Xeres, who were tried by the court martial that convened in this city yesterday, have been acquitted.

It is said that the master of the house of the military tribunal that they would have done had they been tried in the Criminal Court.

Lancashire Coal Miners Decide to Lay Off Only a Week.

LONDON, March 10.—The Lancashire coal miners have adopted a resolution that their working hours be reduced to 44, not to exceed a week in duration, instead of two weeks as at first proposed.

When they resume, however, their work will be restricted to five days a week.

Conclusion of a Franco-American Commercial Treaty Announced.

PARIS, March 10.—The French foreign office announces to-day that the commercial treaty with the United States has been concluded.

The value of the free articles is fixed at \$5,000,000 francs annually.

Cable Envoies.

France is to have a railway and telegraphic communication of several days. The English press generally approves the sentence of Lord Ashurst and says no undue hurry was shown.

Russian laborers to the number of 10,000 are building a new road from the Black Sea to the Caspian Sea, on the Black Sea.

Austrian commissioners speak in favor of gold as the only standard, and the silver standard is to be 100,000,000 francs.

John Dillinger is said to have been shot while fleeing from his Dublin residence.

The Argentine Minister of Finance has resigned. The Pope in the *Encyclical* *Quadragesimo Anno*, dealing with the social question, has been issued.

The Earl of Donlough, Lord William Russell, is dead at London, aged sixty-one.

Arthur Meeker, representing Armour & Co., of Chicago, in Europe, is married at the Hotel de Ville, London, to Grace Murray, of Chicago.

Lancashire has eighteen inches of snow. North and south are badly hit. Some continue to fall.

THE MONITOR'S BUILDER DEAD.

John F. Winslow Passes Away at His Home in Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, March 10.—John F. Winslow died this morning at 5 o'clock. He was one of the leading iron-makers of the State, and with Francis Corning and John A. Griswold, introduced the manufacture of Bessemer steel into this country. At their works in Troy they made the first steel rails in this country.

KEENAN SUED FOR \$43,000.

\$6,000 a Month for Influence in the Board of Aldermen.

Mr. Upton Alleges Political Loans When John Was in Power.

John Keenan, the ex-politician and accused hoodster who fled to Canada, is the defendant in a suit now on trial in the Supreme Court, before Justice Lawrence and a jury, brought by George P. Upton to recover \$43,000, which he alleges he loaned to Keenan when he was at the height of his political fame, between Aug. 11, 1881, and March 9, 1882.

Keenan's interests are protected by Col. George Wise. The defense which has been entered in his behalf is in the nature of a general denial.

Ex-Commissioner of Jurors Caulfield, who it is alleged was the go-between in the transactions between Keenan and Upton, was present in court seated beside Mr. Keenan. He is an uncle of Mr. Upton. Ex-County clerk, Butler, was also in court.

The complaint states that Upton was in the brokerage business in 1881 when he made the acquaintance of Keenan. He was introduced to him by his uncle, Mr. Caulfield, but had known him before by reputation. Mr. Keenan first spoke to him about money matters in 1881. He says that Keenan had charged to borrow some money from his uncle, Mr. Caulfield, but could not. Upton was advised by his uncle to loan the money to Keenan, because he was a powerful man at the time and exerted great influence.

Caulfield is alleged to have told his nephew that he expected aid from the Board of Aldermen to get his nomination confirmed if it was sent in. Keenan said that he would loan \$6,000 that month and \$6,000 for some months thereafter. Upton said that in July Keenan asked him if it would make any difference whether his Uncle Caulfield would call for the money, as he (Keenan) had reasons of his own for not collecting the money direct.

"When I need it," he said, "I will send Caulfield to call for it." The first loan, \$6,000, was made in August, 1881. When he asked Mr. Caulfield for a receipt he said he did not think that John would want any writing between them.

Upton told Keenan about the insecurity of giving money without security, and Keenan told him that it was not the first time that he had used his Uncle Caulfield in matters of that kind, and that as he had always trusted him he did not see why his nephew should not trust him.

On Aug. 20, 1881, as alleged, Keenan, in the presence of John E. Harney, an accountant of Upton, whom the latter had called in as a witness, acknowledged the receipt of money that had been paid to him. Upton said that he understood that Keenan was to be a good friend of his for these loans, and would put him into something good.

He paid regularly \$10,000 every month, but finally began to be doubtful about the repayment of the money. Keenan told him that every month, in March, he made money, fulfilled, that he was in power and would put him in a way to make some money. But little of the money was paid to Keenan direct, Upton's uncle, Mr. Caulfield, getting most of it, and Keenan subsequently acknowledging that he had received it from him.

Upton got tired of making payments every month, and in March, 1882, he said that he could not carry Keenan any further. When he made a demand for the repayment of the money Keenan told him that he was in some large catches and could not get out of them without a loss.

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CONKLIN UNDER FIRE.

Startling Charges Against the Park Zoo Director.

Park Board Causes Rigid Investigation of His Management.

Commissioners of Accounts' Report Shows Basis for Many Charges.

Director William A. Conklin and his administration of the Central Park Menagerie are again the subject of official investigation. Two years ago the Commissioners of Accounts looked into Conklin's official conduct, when they made a general investigation into the affairs of the Park Department. The Park Commissioners have been recently making inquiry on their own account, and have requested the Commissioners of Accounts to assist them.

The report of the Commissioners of Accounts made to Mayor Francis W. Pickens, and the report of the Commissioners of Accounts to the Park Board, are the basis of the investigation.

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WHO IS DEAD BELLE IRVING?

Found Dead Under a Thirty-fifth Street Flat Window.

Great Mystery in Her Identity and in Her Death.

The police of the West Thirty-seventh street station are investigating the mysterious death of a woman, known as Belle Irving, who was found at 2:30 A. M. yesterday morning with a fractured skull in the rear courtyard of the flat at 242 West Thirty-ninth street.

The woman lived on the second floor, where she had roomed for the past two years. One of the flats she sublet a month ago to Byron Gilbert, of Pittsburg, who occupied it with his wife and two children.

Mrs. Anne Schuler, who occupies the flat on the first floor, was awakened by the sound of a heavy fall during the night. She went out into the courtyard and found Miss Irving lying unconscious on the flagging in her night clothes.

She had one stocking on, and was lying directly under Mr. Gilbert's window, which was open.

The police were summoned and Miss Irving was taken to the New York Hospital, where she died two hours later without recovering consciousness.

Capt. Cross is very much puzzled about the case and thinks there is a mystery which should be cleared up.

Gilbert and his family were asleep in their apartments at the time, and he says that he did not know anything about the accident.

When he went to bed his door was shut and the windows were all closed.

He says that he thinks that Miss Irving, who is said to have been in the habit of drinking to excess, became intoxicated, and walked into his room and fell out of the window accidentally.

How she could have done this without his knowing it he cannot explain, for she must have walked through the room in which he and his wife were sleeping.

Gilbert moved out of his flat to-day, but Capt. Cross says he knows where he can find him.

All that is known about the dead woman was learned from Mrs. Anne Schuler, her first-floor neighbor.

She says that she has been acquainted with Miss Irving ever since she came to live there two years ago.

She was very quiet and received no visitors at her room, but went out a great deal. She told Mrs. Schuler once that her real name was not Belle Irving, and that she had friends in Philadelphia.

She received remittances regularly and seemed to be well provided for. She had a great deal of expensive jewelry.

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WALL ST. STOCK REPORTS.

Wall Street Trades Moderately, with Slight Advances.

Bearish Rumors About St. Paul Discouraged Operators.

The Bell Telephone Company to Declare a \$3 Dividend.

WALL STREET, Thursday, March 10.—Both bulls and bears, as if by common consent, took a breathing spell this morning. Dealings were moderate, and with few exceptions the fluctuations were confined within comparatively narrow limits.

In the early trading Lackawanna and Tennessee coal iron sold up 1 1/2. New England and New York Central 1 and the general list 1/2 to 3/4. The favorable report of the St. Paul company would have had a good effect, but it was nullified by the rumor that the directors at their meeting to-day would decide to pass the dividend on the common stock. There was so much uncertainty concerning this matter that traders decided to limit their operations as far as possible, and hence towards midday the market became extremely dull. Lackawanna and other stocks which were strong during the morning lost a part of the advance.

According to figures furnished by the St. Paul officials from time to time, the company for the six months ended Dec. 31, 1901, earned about 4 per cent on its common stock after allowing for all charges and dividends on the preferred. From this it will be seen that if the directors do not decide to pay anything on the common it is not because of a lack of earnings. The gross receipts for the first six months of 1902 were \$27,303, an increase of \$103,754.

The Bell Telephone Company has declared a dividend of \$3 per share, payable April 13, on stock of record March 31. Books will be closed from April 1 to 14, both inclusive.

The stock market was strong in spots late in the day. Tennessee Coal and Iron and American Sugar Refining were particularly firm. The first named was \$27,303, an increase of \$103,754.

Tennessee Coal and Iron was in demand on a report that the deal between the company and other Southern iron concerns had been successfully completed. It is given out that the company has been in London and supplied all sugar advanced on rumors that the directors, who met in Jersey City to-day, had made a favorable arrangement for the stockholders. Lake Shore was exceptionally weak, declining to 1/4.

St. Paul displayed more strength in the afternoon trading, selling as high as 78 1/2. The St. Paul directors at their meeting to-day decided not to resume dividends on the common stock at present. The usual dividend on the preferred was declared.

The Missouri Pacific earnings for the first week of March were \$401,000, an increase of \$14,000, and from Jan. 1 to March 7, \$4,472,200, an increase of \$420,000.

The Northern Pacific system reports a deficit for January of \$308,185, an increase of \$302,435 and surplus for the seven months ended Jan. 31 of \$1,303,774, a decrease of \$230,025.

The total sales at the New York Stock Exchange to-day were 220,000 shares of listed stocks and 50,000 ounces of silver.

The Closing Quotations.

American Sugar Ref. 37 1/2, 38, 38 1/2, 39, 39 1/2, 40, 40 1/2, 41, 41 1/2, 42, 42 1/2, 43, 43 1/2, 44, 44 1/2, 45, 45 1/2, 46, 46 1/2, 47, 47 1/2, 48, 48 1/2, 49, 49 1/2, 50, 50 1/2, 51, 51 1/2, 52, 52 1/2, 53, 53 1/2, 54, 54 1/2, 55, 55 1/2, 56, 56 1/2, 57, 57 1/2, 58, 58 1/2, 59, 59 1/2, 60, 60 1/2, 61, 61 1/2, 62, 62 1/2, 63, 63 1/2, 64, 64 1/2, 65, 65 1/2, 66, 66 1/2, 67, 67 1/2, 68, 68 1/2, 69, 69 1/2, 70, 70 1/2, 71, 71 1/2, 72, 72 1/2, 73, 73 1/2, 74, 74 1/2, 75, 75 1/2, 76, 76 1/2, 77, 77 1/2, 78, 78 1/2, 79, 79 1/2, 80, 80 1/2, 81, 81 1/2, 82, 82 1/2, 83, 83 1/2, 84, 84 1/2, 85, 85 1/2, 86, 86 1/2,